



WATTCHER[®] MONITOR/ALARM

MODELS 3126A, 3127A, AND 3128A

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INSTRUCTION BOOK PART NUMBER 920-3126/27/28A REV. B

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following are general safety precautions that are not necessarily related to any specific part or procedure, and do not necessarily appear elsewhere in this publication. These precautions must be thoroughly understood and apply to all phases of operation and maintenance.

WARNING

Keep Away From Live Circuits

Operating Personnel must at all times observe general safety precautions. Do not replace components or make adjustments to the inside of the test equipment with the high voltage supply turned on. To avoid casualties, always remove power.

WARNING

Shock Hazard

Do not attempt to remove the RF transmission line while RF power is present.

WARNING

Do Not Service Or Adjust Alone

Under no circumstances should any person reach into an enclosure for the purpose of service or adjustment of equipment except in the presence of someone who is capable of rendering aid.

WARNING

Safety Earth Ground

An uninterruptible earth safety ground must be supplied from the main power source to test instruments. Grounding one conductor of a two conductor power cable is not sufficient protection. Serious injury or death can occur if this grounding is not properly supplied.

WARNING

Resuscitation

Personnel working with or near high voltages should be familiar with modern methods of resuscitation.

WARNING

Remove Power

Observe general safety precautions. Do not open the instrument with the power on.

SAFETY SYMBOLS

WARNING

Warning notes call attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed could result in personal injury.

CAUTION

Caution notes call attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed could result in damage to the instrument.



This symbol indicates that a shock hazard exists if the precautions in the instruction manual are not followed.



The caution symbol appears on the equipment indicating there is important information in the instruction manual regarding that particular area.



This symbol indicates that the unit radiates heat and should not be touched while hot.

Note: *Calls attention to supplemental information.*

WARNING STATEMENTS

The following safety warnings appear in the text where there is danger to operating and maintenance personnel and are repeated here for emphasis.

WARNING
When using dry cleaning solvents, provide adequate ventilation and observe normal safety precautions. Many dry cleaning agents emit toxic fumes that may be harmful to your health, if inhaled.

See page 18.

WARNING
Never attempt to disconnect the transmission line while RF power is being applied. Leaking RF energy is a potential health hazard..

See page 18.

CAUTION STATEMENTS

The following equipment cautions appear in the text whenever the equipment is in danger of damage and are repeated here for emphasis.

CAUTION
The Wattcher, elements and line section have been calibrated together. Replacing any component without recalibrating all the components as a unit may affect accuracy.

See page 7.

CAUTION
Be sure voltage selector switch is in the appropriate position before applying ac power. Failure to do so will damage the unit.

See page 10.

CAUTION
Do not remove RF center conductor. Placement is critical for proper calibration and obtaining specified accuracy.

See page 18.

CAUTION

Do not attempt to check the microammeters with an ohmmeter. Damage to the movement or pointer will result.

See page 19.

CAUTION

Replace with only the same type and rating fuse. T, 125 mA, 250VAC.

See page 19.

SAFETY STATEMENTS

USAGE

ANY USE OF THIS INSTRUMENT IN A MANNER NOT SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER MAY IMPAIR THE INSTRUMENT'S SAFETY PROTECTION.

USO

EL USO DE ESTE INSTRUMENTO DE MANERA NO ESPECIFICADA POR EL FABRICANTE, PUEDE ANULAR LA PROTECCIÓN DE SEGURIDAD DEL INSTRUMENTO.

BENUTZUNG

WIRD DAS GERÄT AUF ANDERE WEISE VERWENDET ALS VOM HERSTELLER BESCHRIEBEN, KANN DIE GERÄTESICHERHEIT BEEINTRÄCHTIGT WERDEN.

UTILISATION

TOUTE UTILISATION DE CET INSTRUMENT QUI N'EST PAS EXPLICITEMENT PRÉVUE PAR LE FABRICANT PEUT ENDOMMAGER LE DISPOSITIF DE PROTECTION DE L'INSTRUMENT.

IMPIEGO

QUALORA QUESTO STRUMENTO VENISSE UTILIZZATO IN MODO DIVERSO DA COME SPECIFICATO DAL PRODUTTORE LA PROIZIONE DI SICUREZZA POTREBBE VENIRNE COMPROMESSA.

SERVICE

SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY SERVICE - TRAINED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID DANGEROUS ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING UNLESS QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

SERVICIO

LAS INSTRUCCIONES DE SERVICIO SON PARA USO EXCLUSIVO DEL PERSONAL DE SERVICIO CAPACITADO. PARA EVITAR EL PELIGRO DE DESCARGAS ELÉCTRICAS, NO REALICE NINGÚN SERVICIO A MENOS QUE ESTÉ CAPACITADO PARA HACERLO.

WARTUNG

ANWEISUNGEN FÜR DIE WARTUNG DES GERÄTES GELTEN NUR FÜR GESCHULTES FACHPERSONAL.

ZUR VERMEIDUNG GEFÄHRLICHER, ELEKTRISCHER SCHOCKS, SIND WARTUNGSARBEITEN AUSSCHLIEßLICH VON QUALIFIZIERTEM SERVICEPERSONAL DURCHZUFÜHREN.

ENTRETIEN

L'EMPLOI DES INSTRUCTIONS D'ENTRETIEN DOIT ÊTRE RÉSERVÉ AU PERSONNEL FORMÉ AUX OPÉRATIONS D'ENTRETIEN. POUR PRÉVENIR UN CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE DANGEREUX, NE PAS EFFECTUER D'ENTRETIEN SI L'ON N'A PAS ÉTÉ QUALIFIÉ POUR CE FAIRE.

ASSISTENZA TECNICA

LE ISTRUZIONI RELATIVE ALL'ASSISTENZA SONO PREVISTE ESCLUSIVAMENTE PER IL PERSONALE OPPORTUNAMENTE ADDESTRATO. PER EVITARE PERICOLOSE SCOSSE ELETTRICHE NON EFFETTUARE ALCUNA RIPARAZIONE A MENO CHE QUALIFICATI A FARLA.

CONNECT INTERLOCK TO TRANSMITTER BEFORE OPERATING.

BRANCHER LE VERROUILLAGE À L'ÉMETTEUR AVANT EMPLOI.

CONECTE EL INTERBLOQUEO AL TRANSMISOR ANTES DE LA OPERACION.

VOR INBETRIEBNAHME VERRIEGELUNG AM SENDER ANSCHLIESSEN.

**PRIMA DI METTERE IN FUNZIONE L'APPARECCHIO, COLLEGARE IL
DISPOSITIVO DI BLOCCO AL TRASMETTITORE.**

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual covers the operating and maintenance instructions for the following models:

3126A 3127A 3128A

CHANGES TO THIS MANUAL

We have made every effort to ensure this manual is accurate. If you discover any errors, or if you have suggestions for improving this manual, please send your comments to our Solon, Ohio factory. This manual may be periodically updated. When inquiring about updates to this manual refer to the part number and revision on the title page.

TERMINOLOGY

There are some unique terms used throughout this literature. They are defined here to clarify any misunderstanding.

Introduction — Describes the features of the load resistor, lists equipment supplied and optional equipment, and provides power-up instructions.

Theory of Operation — Describes how the load resistor works.

Installation — Describes the power supply and load connection instructions.

Operating Instructions — Describes the base level operation instructions.

Maintenance — Lists routine maintenance tasks as well as troubleshooting for common problems. Specifications and parts information are also included.

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This publication refers to the Wattcher RF Monitor/Alarm models 3126A, 3127A, and 3128A. The differences between models are listed in the specifications. All models will generally be referred to as a Wattcher Unit throughout this manual.

The information in this instruction book pertains to all models except noted differences referred to in the text.

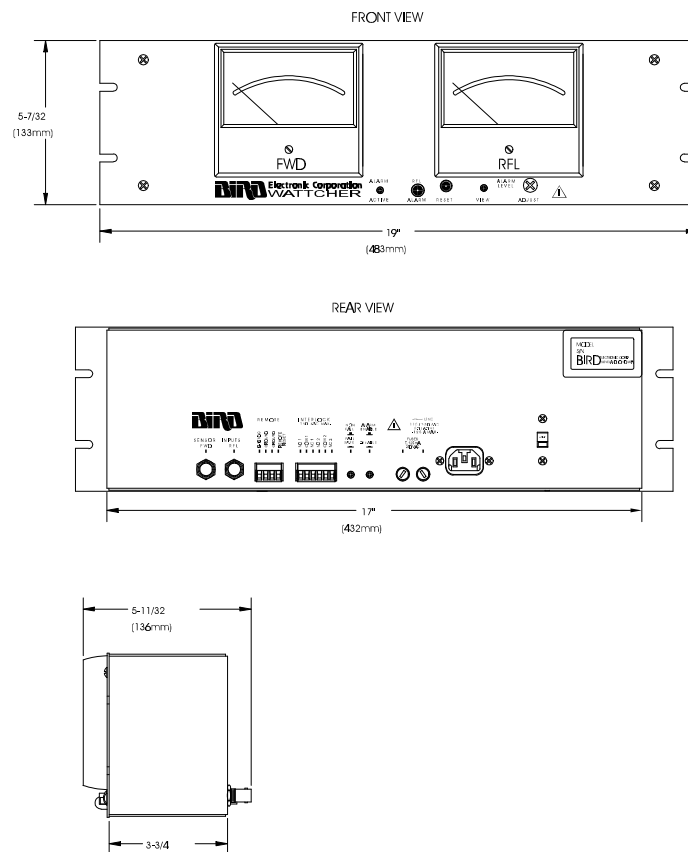
The Bird Wattcher RF Monitor/Alarm—when installed with a dual port ThruLine Line Section and two elements—is designed for the protection and monitoring of radio frequency transmission systems. The line section is selected to be compatible with the RF coaxial line used in the transmission system. The elements are selected by the user to cover the desired power levels and frequency ranges.

Purpose and Function

Abnormal loading conditions cause the transmitter to quickly shutdown, a user selectable audible alarm to sound, and an alarm LED to flash.

Remote access is available for resetting audible and visual alarms. Fail-safe or non fail-safe modes are user selectable and the reflected power trip level is adjustable. "Operating Instructions" on page 11 detail these features.

Figure 1 Outline Drawing



Items Supplied

- Wattcher Monitor/Alarm
- 115/230 VAC Power Cord
- DC Cable (2)—25' Standard Other Lengths Optional
- Interlock Connector—Six-Terminal, Screw-Clamp Plug Connector
- Remote Reset / Auxiliary DC Connector—Four-Terminal Screw-Clamp Plug Connector

Options

Line Sections & Elements

Frequency and power range are governed by the line section and elements selected. Refer to sales catalog for available models.

Cable Assemblies

DC Cable Assemblies are available for remote rigid line installation. The assemblies are various length of RG-58/U cable with a DC plug, P/N 7500-076 on one end and a BNC(m) connector installed on the opposite end. See "Replacement Parts List" on page 21 for cable lengths and part numbers.

Functional Description

Enclosure

The Wattcher RF Monitor/Alarm is enclosed in an aluminum housing intended for a standard 19" rack mount.

Figure 2 Front Panel

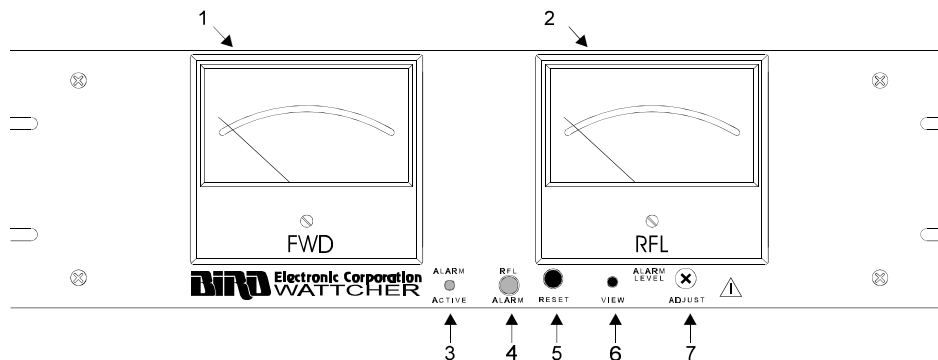


Table 1-1 Front Panel

1	Forward Power Meter	Analog Meter Indicating forward power.
2	Reflected Meter	Analog Meter indicating reflected power.
3	Alarm Active LED	Green LED, when illuminated the alarm is active, power is on.
4	RFL Alarm LED	Red LED, flashes when the reflected power trip level has been exceeded for more than 50ms.
5	Reset Push-button	Resets the Wattcher to normal operation after the error condition is corrected
6	View Push-button	Allows for viewing the reflected power trip level during adjustment.
7	Adjust	Potentiometer providing for adjustment of reflected power trip level.

Figure 3 Rear Panel

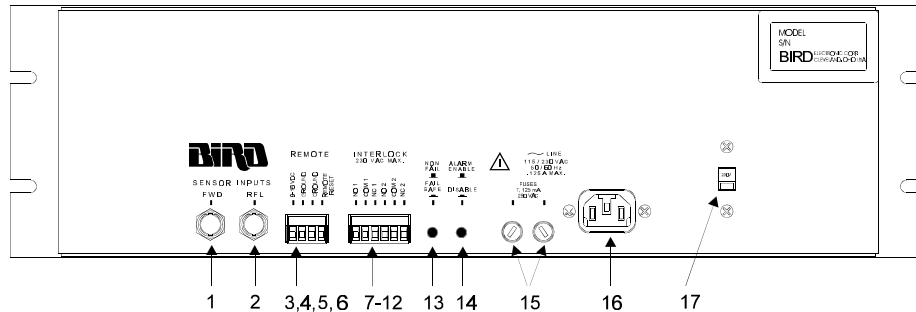


Table 1-2 Rear Panel

1	Forward Sensor Input Connector	Input connector for forward power sensor cable from port A of line section.
2	Reflected Sensor Input Connector	Input connector for reflected power sensor cable from port B of line section.
3	9-16 VDC	Auxiliary positive (+) DC power connection.
4	Ground	Auxiliary negative (-) power connection.
5	Ground	Remote reset ground connection.
6	Remote Reset	Remote reset connection.
7	NO1	Normally open connection for interlock one.
8	COM1	Common Connection for interlock one.
9	NC1	Normally closed connection for interlock one.
10	NO2	Normally open connection for interlock two.
11	COM2	Common Connection for interlock two.
12	NC2	Normally closed connection for interlock two.
13	Non Fail / Fail Safe	Select switch for non fail-safe or fail-safe mode.
14	Alarm	Alarm enable/disable switch.
15	Fuse	Fuse receptacles for 0.125A, 250v fuses.
16	AC Receptacle	Provides a means of supplying AC line power to Wattcher.
17	Line Voltage Selector Switch	Determines line voltage operation.

General

The forward power meter acts as a continuous monitor of forward power output. This provides a reference against the reflected power value enabling determination of power ratios and VSWR.

Alarm Condition

An alarm condition occurs as the result of the reflected power being greater than the reflected power set point for longer than 50ms. If enabled, an audible alarm will sound.

An alarm condition will also activate the interlock. An active interlock will cause the normally open terminals to close and the normally closed terminals to open.

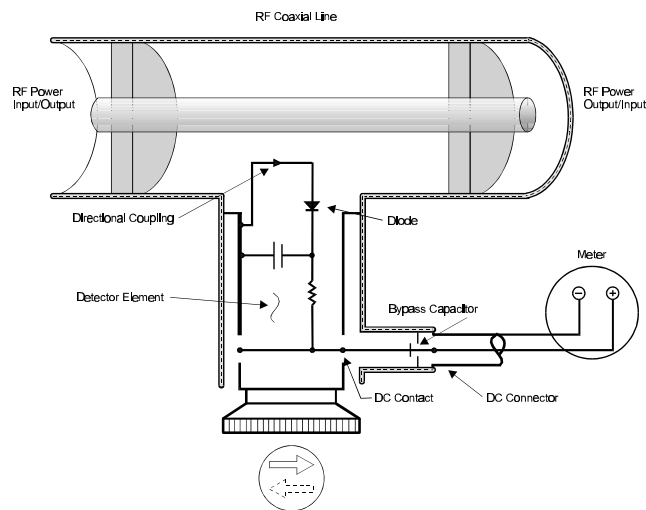
Fail-Safe/Non Fail-Safe

In the fail-safe mode an alarm condition will also occur if the Wattcher is not powered. The non fail-safe mode requires power for an alarm condition.

Element

The function of the element is to detect (sense) the forward or reflected RF power in the line section at any given time. The direction in which the "arrow" on the element cap is oriented indicates the direction in which it is sensing the RF power flow in the system.

Figure 4 Element Schematic



The forward wave travels and its power flows from the source to the load. It has an RF voltage E_f and current I_f in phase, with $E_f / I_f = Z_o$.

The reflected wave originates by reflection at the load, travels, and its power flows from the load back to the source. It has an RF voltage E_r and current I_r in phase, with $E_r / I_r = Z_o$.

Note that each component wave is mathematically simple and is completely described by a single figure for power, for instance:

$$W_f = \text{WattsForward} = E_f^2 / Z_o = I_f^2 Z_o = E_f I_f$$

$$W_r = \text{WattsReflected} = E_r^2 / Z_o = I_r^2 Z_o = E_r I_r$$

Z_o is the characteristic impedance of the uniform line, and simplifies matters by being a pure resistance, usually 50 ohms for useful lines. The main RF line circuit of the ThruLine Wattmeter is a short piece of uniform air line section, whose Z_o is 50 ohms, in which accurate measurements may be made.

The electrical values of the element circuits are carefully balanced and so designed that the inductive current produced from the reverse direction wave will cancel its portion of the capacitive current almost completely. The result is a directivity always higher than 25 dB, which means that the element is highly insensitive (nulled) to the reverse direction wave. By being highly directional, the ThruLine Wattmeter is sensitive at either one of its settings, but to only one of the two traveling waves which produce standing waves by interference. ThruLine Wattmeter measurements are also independent of their position along the standing waves.

Element Socket

An accurately positioned socket for inserting a radio frequency coupling device, called a ThruLine Plug-In Element, is mounted on the outer conductor. The socket is precision bored to hold the rotatable element in its calibrated position, with a spring-loaded clasp to keep the element firmly seated. The machined step on the top face of the socket engages a stop-pin on the element. Rotary movement of the element is thereby restricted to 180 degrees and is stopped on the axial center line.

The measuring socket has a hole bored through the wall through which an insulated phosphor bronze contact finger projects. The Plug-In Element has terminals on diametrically opposite sides of its body, so that pickup can be made from either side. A small silvered button tip can contact the element only in the precise forward and reflected measuring positions, against the end stops. A specially designed jack mounted on the side of the socket mates with the plug on the DC cable furnished with the read-out meter. The DC jack assembly has a built-in filter capacitor shunted across the meter circuit. This more fully protects meter readings against the adverse effects of any stray RF energy generated in the Plug-In Element. The line section is bright silver plated over practically all of its metal parts.

Matching

CAUTION

The Wattcher, elements and line section have been calibrated together. Replacing any component without recalibrating all the components as a unit may affect accuracy.

The scale on the read-out meter reads full scale for the power rating stamped on the cap of the Plug-In Element. The Wattcher, the Plug-In Element, and the ThruLine Section are all stamped with matching serial numbers. The equipment is supplied as a matched and calibrated set and the parts, particularly the elements, should not be interchanged with any other like equipment. Such an interchange of the measuring elements could produce readings with an error greater than the stated 5 percent of full scale accuracy.

Load Power

Power delivered to and dissipated in a load is given by:

$$W_L = \text{LoadinWatts} = W_f - W_r$$

Where appreciable power is reflected, as with an antenna, it is necessary to subtract the reflected power from the forward power to get the effective power. This correction is negligible, less than 1 percent, if the loading device has a VSWR of 1.2 to 1 or less.

VSWR scales, and their attendant controls for setting the reference point, have been intentionally omitted from the Thruline Wattmeter for two reasons.

- a. Why make something similar to a hypothetical DC volt ohmmeter with control potentiometers for the voltmeter multipliers? Even more complications arise when diodes at RF are involved.
- b. Experience using the Thruline Wattmeter on operating problems, such as transmitter tuneup, antenna matching etc., shows that the power ratio ϕ is no mean competitor, in practical usefulness, to the standing wave ratio $\rho = \text{VSWR}$.

A trial is suggested for a few days - forget VSWR and try thinking in terms of $f = W_r / W_f$ when the Thruline Wattmeter is used. It will be noted that even without bothering to calculate the ratio exactly the two meter readings, W_r and W_f , give an automatic mental impression which pictures the situation. Thus, in an antenna matching problem the main objective usually is to minimize W_r , and anything done experimentally to this end is noted directly when the Thruline Element is turned to the reflected position. Furthermore, the ratio of readings, even if only mentally evaluated, is a reliable guide to the significance of the remaining reflected power.

ρ vs. ϕ and its Significance

Since there are definite simple relationships between standing wave ratio ρ and the reflected/forward power ratio ϕ indicated by the Thruline Wattmeter, the latter may be conveniently used to measure VSWR.

$$\rho = \frac{1 + \sqrt{\Phi}}{1 - \sqrt{\Phi}} \quad \text{and} \quad \Phi = \left[\frac{\rho - 1}{\rho + 1} \right]^2 \quad \text{where } \rho = \text{VSWR} \quad \text{and} \quad \Phi = \frac{W_r}{W_f}$$

Note that around $\phi = 10$ percent, below which W_r will appear insignificant and may be hard to read, you are close to the commonly accepted lower limit $\rho = 2$. Trying to adjust to an even lower value of ϕ , in order to improve antenna match still further, becomes less and less worthwhile in many systems. Experimentally by using the Thruline Wattmeter it can be readily shown that reducing ϕ below 10 percent produces little in the way of increased WL. TV transmitter antenna lines and VHF omnirange transmitters are among those systems that require much lower levels of reflected power but for reasons other than simple power transmission. A very small level of reflected power, e.g., $\phi = .06$ percent, corresponds to $\rho = 1.05$. With just a single element suitable for measuring W_f , detection of reflected power is possible down to about $\phi = 1$ percent ($\rho = 1.2$), providing W_f approaches full scale. However, measurement is possible only down to about $\phi = 5$ percent ($\rho = 1.5$).

Measurement and Monitoring of Transmitter Power

Little more need be said about this in view of the preceding load power discussion. The Thruline Wattmeter is useful for the continuous monitoring of transmitter output and is also helpful for the continuous monitoring of reflected power, for instance in checking intermittent antenna or line faults.

Like diode devices in general, the Thruline meter indicates the carrier component on amplitude modulation, with very little response to side band components added by modulation.

Items Required

- Wattcher RF Monitor Alarm
- Thruline Line Section

Note: *Ordered separately, p/n depends on transmission line type.*

- Elements

Note: *Ordered separately, p/n depends on Wattcher model, power level and frequency ranges.*

- Coupling Kit

Note: *Ordered separately, p/n depends on transmission line type.*

- 2 DC Cables - Length as required

General

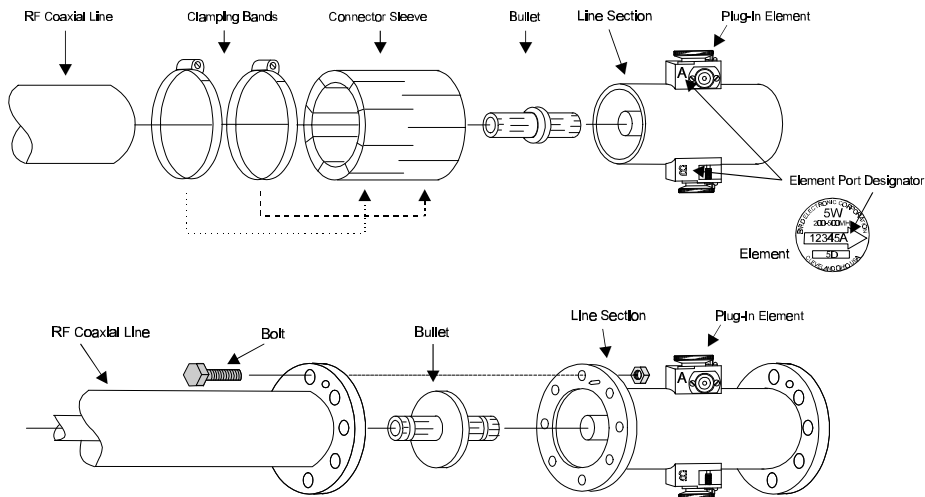
The Wattcher Unit model and serial numbers are located on the back panel. Before proceeding with the installation record these numbers in the space provided on the last page of this manual. The model and serial numbers will be required when obtaining information from the Factory or Bird's customer service department.

Line Section

A coupling kit is required for connecting the line section to the transmission line. The coupling kit will be similar to one of the coupling kits shown below. Review the following and refer to the diagram to install the line section.

1. Locate the line section so that element sockets are oriented for easy access.
2. Be sure center conductor anchor bullets have been positioned with insulators properly seated in the counterbores.
3. For flanged connectors, tighten evenly around flange to obtain a firm uniform contact.
4. For unflanged connectors, bullets should firmly seated in the center conductor. The ends of the line section should be butted snugly against the ends of the transmission line.
5. Position clamp bands approximately 3/4" from ends of sleeve and tighten securely.
6. The coaxial line should be continuous with no bends or offsets in its axial line.

Figure 5 Coupling Connections



Watcher RFMonitor/Alarm

The Watcher is designed to mount in an EIA standard 19" relay rack. Wire lengths are not critical, the unit may be installed where convenient for monitoring and operation. The following connections and switch settings should be made before installation. See "Operating Instructions" on page 11 for descriptions of various modes.

- Auxiliary DC
- Remote reset
- Interlock
- Alarm enable/disable mode selected
- Fail-safe / non fail-safe mode selected
- Forward and reflected power sensor cables
- Forward power sensor cable from port A of the line section
- Reflected power sensor cable from port B of the line section

Note: AC line voltage selector switch is in the appropriate position. Voltage visible in the switch window is selected voltage.

CAUTION
Be sure voltage selector switch is in the appropriate position before applying AC power.
Failure to do so will damage the unit.

- AC power cable connected

Elements

The element port designator is stamped on the line section ports and after the serial numbers on the elements. Be sure to match these designators to achieve stated accuracy. Refer to Figure 5.

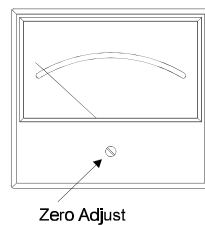
General

This section contains information about the various operating modes and features of the Wattcher RF Monitor/Alarm.

Zero Adjust

The two panel meters should be checked for zero set under no power conditions. With no power applied the meter pointers should set exactly on zero. If adjustment is required, turn the adjustment screw until the pointer is set at zero.

Figure 6 Zero Adjust



Alarm Enable/Disable

The audible alarm will be enabled when the push-button is not depressed, and disabled when it is depressed.

Fail-Safe / Non Fail-Safe Mode

Non fail-safe mode is selected when the push-button is not depressed, and fail-safe is selected when it is depressed.

Non fail-safe mode—An interlock active condition is caused *only* by exceeding reflected power trip value. Fail-safe mode—An interlock active condition can be caused by exceeding reflected power trip value *or* if the Wattcher Unit is not operating.

Adjusting Reflected Power Trip Level

Ensure that the plug-in elements in the line section of transmission line are properly positioned and directed. Make sure that the fail-safe/non fail-safe switch is in the desired mode.

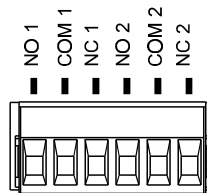
While depressing the view push-button, rotate alarm level adjust screw until the pointer indicates the desired trip level.

Connecting the Interlock

There are two sets of interlocks provided. Wire the interlocks based on transmitter requirements. During an alarm condition the interlocks become active. An active interlock—in the non-fail safe mode—causes the normally closed terminals to open and the normally open terminals to close. Connection to the interlocks is achieved through a six-terminal Screw-Clamp plug connector.

Note: *The opposite is true for fail safe mode.*

Figure 7 Interlock Connector



Using Remote Reset & Auxiliary DC

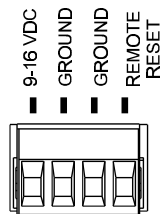
Remote reset can be used to wire a reset switch in a convenient location. Actuating the switch will reset the alarm condition after the error has been corrected.

The reset input can be jumpered to ground so that the alarm will clear automatically when the reflected power drops below the set point.

Auxiliary DC, (9-16 VDC @ 1A), can be used to power the Wattcher Unit.

Connection to these features is achieved through a four-terminal Screw-Clamp plug connector.

Figure 8 Remote Reset Auxiliary DC Connector



Meter Scales

Both the forward and reflected meter faces have triple-range scales. The full scale value shown on the element cap determines the power scale to be read.

Alarm Condition

If the reflected power reading reaches the trip level, (for longer than 50ms) the buzzer will sound if enabled, the alarm LED will flash, and the interlocks will be active. This condition will continue until the condition has been corrected and the reset button is pushed.

Determining VSWR

The forward/reverse RF power ratio is readily calculated from the readings, and VSWRs may be determined from the following figures. Following the vertical and horizontal grid, determine intersection of forward and reverse power values. Slanted lines passing closest to this point indicate VSWR.

Figure 9 VSWR Conversion Nomograph

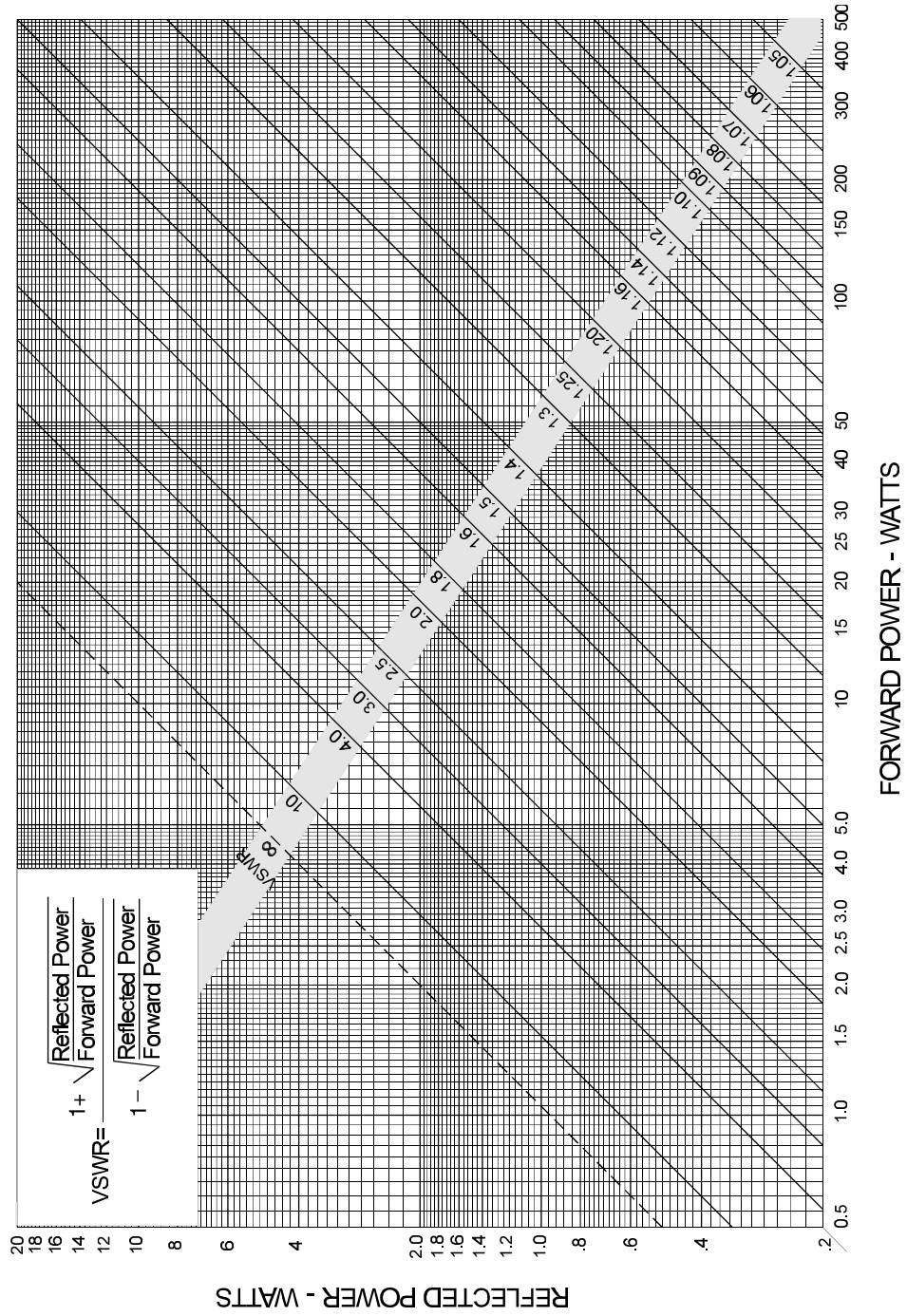
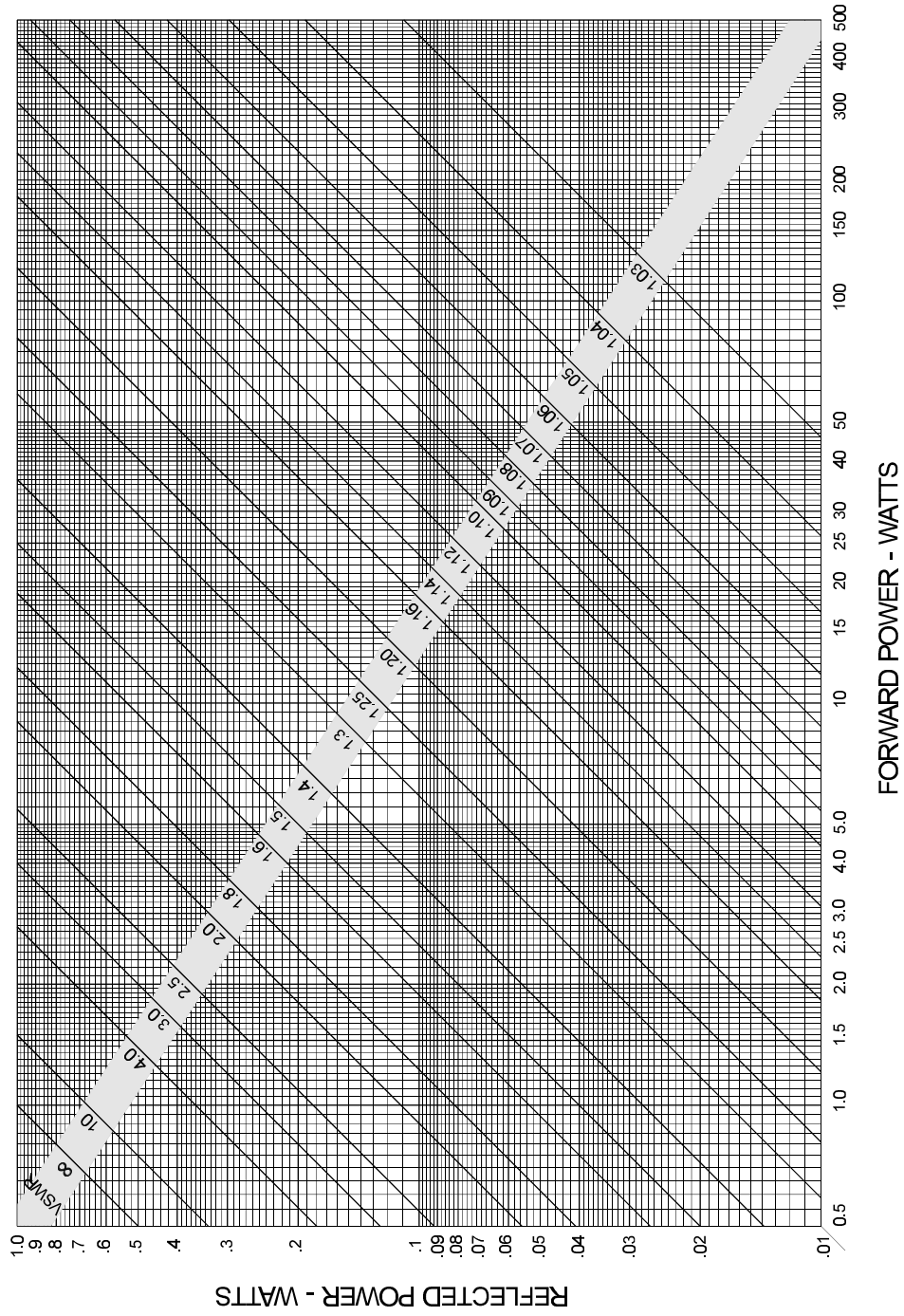


Figure 10 VSWR Conversion Nomograph



Preparation for Shipment

Elements

The elements can be left in the sockets of the line section with their ARROWS turned midway between the measuring positions. Any additional elements should be well padded and wrapped before being put in the shipping container.

Line Section

Wrap the connectors on the flanged models with padding and tape them securely in place. Cover both ends of the line section and the socket to keep out dust and foreign material. Place the line section in a sturdy shipping container such as a corrugated paper box.

DC Cables

Pad and wrap the DC connector plugs and then coil the cables tightly.

Meter

Cover the meter face with padding to protect the glass window, then wrap the housing and place it in the same box as the line section.

Storage

No special preparations for storage are necessary other than to cover the equipment to keep out dust and dirt. For an extra precaution, leave an element in the socket with the arrow turned midway between the measuring positions.

Troubleshooting

The following table contains troubleshooting information for problems which can occur during normal operation. Locate the problem, review the possible cause, and perform the corrective action listed.

Only those functions within the scope of normal maintenance are listed. This manual cannot list all malfunctions that may occur, or all corrective actions. If a malfunction is not listed or not corrected by the listed corrective actions, notify a qualified service center.

Table 1-3 Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	CAUSE	AREAS TO CHECK / CORRECTION
No meter indication	No RF power	Check RF source.
	Arrow on plug-in element pointing in wrong direction	Change position of element.
	No pickup from DC contact finger	Adjust the contacts. See "Contact Adjustment" on page 19.
	Open or short circuit in DC cable	Replace defective DC meter cable (RG-58/U). See "Meter Replacement" on page 19.
	Meter burned out or damaged	Return Wattcher, line section, and elements to the factory for meter replacement and calibration. See "Preparation for Shipment" on page 15.
Intermittent or inconsistent meter readings	Faulty transmission line	Inspect line. See "Inspection" on page 18.
	Dirty DC contact on elements	Clean DC contacts. See "Cleaning" on page 18.
	Sticky or defective meter	Return Wattmeter line section, and elements to the factory for meter replacement and calibration. See "Preparation for Shipment" on page 15.
Alarm Active LED does not illuminate	No Line Power	Check power source, restore
	Fuses Opened	Check fuses, replace if needed. See "Fuse Replacement" on page 19.
	Defective LED	Replace LED
High VSWR or reflected power	Bad load or poor connectors	Replace load or connectors.
	Shorted or open transmission line	Have line serviced. See "Line Section Care" on page 18.
	Foreign material in the section or in RF connector bodies	Remove foreign material. See "Line Section Care" on page 18.

Customer Service

Any maintenance or service procedure beyond the scope of those in this chapter should be referred to a qualified service center.

If the unit needs to be returned for any reason, request an RMA through the Bird Technologies website. All instruments returned must be shipped prepaid and to the attention of the RMA number.

Bird Service Center

30303 Aurora Road
Cleveland (Solon), Ohio 44139-2794
Fax: (440) 248-5426
E-mail: bsc@bird-technologies.com

For the location of the Sales Office nearest you, visit our Web site at:

<http://www.bird-technologies.com>

Cleaning

WARNING

When using dry cleaning solvents, provide adequate ventilation and observe normal safety precautions. Many dry cleaning agents emit toxic fumes that may be harmful to your health, if inhaled.

If any of the contacts or line connectors become dirty, they should be wiped off with a clean cloth and a dry cleaning solvent. Use an aerosol contact cleaner that is self-drying, but forms no residue, on the inaccessible internal parts. Clean all contact areas and especially the exposed faces of the Teflon insulators.

It is important to keep the following surfaces clean:

- Socket bore
- Element body circumference
- Bottom rim of element body
- Seat at the base of the socket in the line section
- DC contacts on the element

The outside surface of the Wattcher can be cleaned with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent solution. Do not wipe the meter glass with a dry cloth, if a static charge could develop causing an erroneous indication on the meter.

WARNING

Never attempt to disconnect the transmission line while RF power is being applied.
Leaking RF energy is a potential health hazard..

Inspection

Inspect the Wattcher Unit cleanliness, proper adjustment, and with the RF power removed, check the ZERO setting and adjust if necessary.

Preventive Maintenance

The element socket should be kept plugged as much as possible to prevent the intrusion of dust. If a Plug-In Element is to be used for this purpose, use the highest power element available. The element should be positioned so that the ARROW is pointing midway between the FWD and RFL measuring positions. This will not only protect the meter by shunting the movement, but will also avoid exposing the element's crystal to dangerous potentials if the RF line section should be energized.

Line Section Care

CAUTION

Do not remove RF center conductor. Placement is critical for proper calibration and obtaining specified accuracy.

If there is any evidence of contamination inside the RF line section, the accessible portions should be cleaned and the interior carefully blown out. Keep all connections tight, and keep the nut of the meter cord plug turned tight on the line section DC jack. This connection may often be serviced by simply loosening the nut of the DC plug, rotating the body several times through a fraction of a turn and retightening the knurled nut securely.

Meter Replacement

CAUTION

Do not attempt to check the microammeters with an ohmmeter. Damage to the movement or pointer will result.

Disassembly

1. Remove four screws securing the front panel.
2. Pull front panel forward until it clears the lamps and switches.
3. Lay the front panel face down so that the meter terminals are accessible.
4. Remove leads taking note of wire locations, red to positive, black to negative.
5. Remove nuts securing the meter bezel.
6. Remove meter.
7. Reassemble by reversing steps 6 to 1.

Note: *When installing the four meter mounting screws, torque the to 10 in/lbs.*

Contact Adjustment

In cleaning the socket bore the operator should be careful not to disturb the spring finger of the DC contact. It is important that the operating position of this part be properly maintained. If the spring finger of the DC contact requires adjustment, it may be done manually if carried out with care. The tip must be positioned far enough out to maintain good contact with the element but not so far as to interfere with easy entry of the element body. The DC jack, with attached spring finger, may be detached for service by removing the two 4-40 fillister head machine screws which fasten it to the side of the RF line section. Then lift off the jack assembly carefully to avoid losing the small Teflon insulating bead that straddles the base of the phosphor bronze spring and nests in a counterbore on the side of the RF body. When replacing the assembly, be sure that the bead is again properly inserted.

Fuse Replacement

CAUTION

Replace with only the same type and rating fuse. T, 125 mA, 250VAC.

Use a screwdriver to remove fuse receptacle, insert new fuse and replace.

Specifications

Models 3126A and 3127A

Power Range⁶	100W to 250 kW using Bird plug-in elements
Frequency Range	2 to 1000 MHz
Accuracy	±5% of full scale (for elements calibrated with the Wattcher)
Meter Scales 3126A 3126A 3127A 3127A	FWD 15/30/60 kW RFL 1.5/3/6 kW FWD 5/10/25 kW RFL 1/2.5/5 kW

Model 3128A

Power Range⁶	100mW to 10kW using Bird plug-in elements
Frequency Range	0.45 to 2700MHz
Accuracy	±5% of full scale (for elements calibrated with the Wattcher)
Meter Scales	FWD and RFL 25/50/100W

Common Specifications and Features

Front Panel Controls	Reset push button and reflected power limit set (screwdriver adj.)
Rear Panel Controls	Fail-safe/Non fail-safe mode selector switch, normally open/normally closed alarm contacts (5A @ 230 Vac Resistive), remote reset and DC power connections, audible alarm disable switch
Alarms	Audible buzzer and visual front panel LED
Alarm Actuation Time	50ms (typical)
Finish	Light navy gray powder coat
Nominal Size	19" X 5-7/32" X 3-3/4" (483 X 133 X 95 mm)
Weight	5 lb. (2.28kg)
Power	115/230Vac, 50/60 Hz, 0.125A or 9-16 VDC, 1A

Replacement Parts List

Qty.	Description	Part Number
1	BR1, Rectifier, full wave silicone bridge	5-1661
1	LS1, Buzzer, alarm	5-1714
2	F1 - F2, Fuse .125A at 250 Vac	5A2257-7
1	LS1, Fuse holder, alarm	5A2295-1
2	K1, Power relay, 3pdt	5A2116-1
1	M2, Meter, triple scale, incident power - Model 3126, 100uA 15/30/60kW scale - Model 3127, 100uA 5/10/25kW scale - Model 3128, 30uA 25/50/100W scale	2150-259 2150-230 2150-256
1	M1, Meter, triple scale, reflected power Model 3126, 100uA 1.5/3.0/6.0kW scale Model 3127, 100uA 1.0/2.5/5.0kW scale Model 3128, 30uA 25/50/100W scale	2150-257 2150-259 2150-258
1	S1, Alarm, enable/disable switch	5-1899-42N
1	S2, Alarm level adjust switch	5-1899-42N
1	S3, Alarm reset switch	5A2292-21-CN
1	S4, Mode selector switch	5-1899-42N
1	T1, Power transformer	5A2309-8
1	AC power input receptacle	5A2297
1	J4, Remote terminal plug connector (4 contacts)	5A2075-4
1	J5, Interlock terminal plug connector (6 contacts)	5A2075-6
2	J1 - J2, BNC connectors	5A2319-1

Coupling Kits

Line Type	Impedance	Kit Part Number
7/8" EIA flanged	50Ω	4240-220
1&" EIA flanged	50Ω	4712-020
3@" EIA flanged	50Ω	4600-020
3@" EIA flanged	50Ω	5-726
6@" EIA flanged	50Ω	5-1322
6@" EIA flanged	50Ω	4902-020

Available QC Type Connectors

For 7/8" line section equipped with quick change "qc" connectors.

Note: When selecting "QC" connectors, consideration must be given to frequency and power range capability of size of connector.

N-Female	4240-062
BNC-Male	4240-132
N-Male	4240-063
LT-Female	4240-018
HN-Female	4240-268
LT-Male	4240-012
HN-Male	4240-278
C-Female	4240-100
LC-Female	4240-031
C-Male	4240-110
LC-Male	4240-025
UHF-Female (So-239)	4240-050
BNC-Female	4240-125
UHF-Male (PL-259)	4240-179
7/8" EIA Air Line	4240-002

LIMITED WARRANTY

All products manufactured by Seller are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year, unless otherwise specified, from date of shipment and to conform to applicable specifications, drawings, blueprints and/or samples. Seller's sole obligation under these warranties shall be to issue credit, repair or replace any item or part thereof which is proved to be other than as warranted; no allowance shall be made for any labor charges of Buyer for replacement of parts, adjustment or repairs, or any other work, unless such charges are authorized in advance by Seller.

If Seller's products are claimed to be defective in material or workmanship or not to conform to specifications, drawings, blueprints and/or samples, Seller shall, upon prompt notice thereof, either examine the products where they are located or issue shipping instructions for return to Seller (transportation-charges prepaid by Buyer). In the event any of our products are proved to be other than as warranted, transportation costs (cheapest way) to and from Seller's plant, will be borne by Seller and reimbursement or credit will be made for amounts so expended by Buyer. Every such claim for breach of these warranties shall be deemed to be waived by Buyer unless made in writing within ten (10) days from the date of discovery of the defect.

The above warranties shall not extend to any products or parts thereof which have been subjected to any misuse or neglect, damaged by accident, rendered defective by reason of improper installation or by the performance of repairs or alterations outside of our plant, and shall not apply to any goods or parts thereof furnished by Buyer or acquired from others at Buyer's request and/or to Buyer's specifications. Routine (regularly required) calibration is not covered under this limited warranty. In addition, Seller's warranties do not extend to the failure of tubes, transistors, fuses and batteries, or to other equipment and parts manufactured by others except to the extent of the original manufacturer's warranty to Seller.

The obligations under the foregoing warranties are limited to the precise terms thereof. These warranties provide exclusive remedies, expressly in lieu of all other remedies including claims for special or consequential damages. SELLER NEITHER MAKES NOR ASSUMES ANY OTHER WARRANTY WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS, STATUTORY, OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS, AND NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED TO ASSUME FOR SELLER ANY OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY NOT STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOREGOING.